WELCOME

Thank you for your interest in the Village of Clinton Official Community Plan (OCP) and Zoning Bylaw (ZBL) update project!

Project Overview

The Village of Clinton (VoC) is undertaking a renewal of the Official Community Plan (OCP) and Zoning Bylaw (ZBL), and review of the Development Approval Process to guide the future of Clinton. These projects will play an important role in how Clinton grows and changes over time.

Why are we updating the OCP and

ZBL?

- Best practice suggests an update every 10-ish years to make sure the vision and policies reflect the current conditions and desires of the community.
- As part of the Province's initiative to deliver more homes, all OCPs in BC need to be updated by the end of 2025 to reflect the results of their Housing Needs Assessments
- The VoC's Housing Needs Report was completed in November 2024 and identified a need for 382 additional housing units in 20 years.

Where are we now?

After engaging with the community in February 2025, we have been busy reviewing the existing OCP and ZBL to identify how we can incorporate what we have heard and make the bylaws clearer, simple, and in alignment with provincial legislation. We are currently preparing the revisions and want to now reconnect with the community to discuss

PROJECT TIMELINE

- 1. Project Kick-Off and Background Review
- 2. Visioning and Priority Setting (February)
- **)** 3. Engagement Round 1 (February)
- 4. Drafting OCP & ZBL (March – July)
- 5. Engagement Round 2 (June)
- 6. Sharing the Drafts (August)
- 7. Engagement Round 3 (August)
- 8. Finalization and Adoption

key changes that will be coming in the drafts.



How can you be involved?

Share your thoughts with us!



Learn more at https://village.clinton.bc.ca/local-government/ocp-zbl



What is an Official Community Plan?

Role

Intended to guide decisions on planning and land use management, by describing the long-term vision of a community.

Content

As outlined in the Local Government Act, an OCP **must include**:

- Statements and map designations addressing:
 - the approximate location, amount, type, and density of **residential development** required to meet anticipated housing needs over a period of at least 20 years;
 - the approximate location, amount and type of present and proposed commercial, industrial, institutional, agricultural, recreational and public utility land uses;
 - the approximate location and area of sand and gravel deposits that are suitable for future sand and gravel extraction;
 - restrictions on the use of land that is subject to hazardous conditions or that is environmentally sensitive to development;
 - the approximate location and phasing of any major road, sewer and water systems;
 - the approximate location and type of present and proposed **public facilities**, including schools, parks and waste treatment and disposal sites;
 - other matters that may, in respect of any plan, be required or authorized by the minister.
- Housing policies respecting affordable housing, rental housing and special needs housing.
- Targets for the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions in the area covered by the plan, and policies and actions of the local government proposed with respect to achieving those targets.



...and may include:

- Policies relating to:
 - social needs, social well-being and social development;
 - on land in a farming area or in an area designated for agricultural use in the plan;
 - preservation, protection, restoration and ecosystems and biological diversity;
 - alternative forms of transportation;
 - transportation demand management
- A regional context statement, consistent with the context.



• the maintenance and enhancement of farming

enhancement of the natural environment, its

rest of the plan, of how required content and other matters dealt with in the plan, apply in a regional



What is a Zoning Bylaw?

Role

buildings, and other structures are used.

Content

regulate:

- Use and density of land, buildings, and other structures
- Shape, dimensions and area of all parcels of land created by • Siting, size and dimensions of buildings and other structures and subdivision (this can include establishing minimum and maximum) permitted uses parcel sizes)
- Location of uses on the land and within buildings and other structures

Key points

- Should be **specific**, defined boundaries of each zone
- Used to regulate existing development
- Each zone has detailed regulations that are applied per legal parcel





A Zoning Bylaw is the key implementation tool of the OCP. It is intended to reflect the vision of the community and regulate how land,

- As outlined in the Local Government Act, a Zoning Bylaw divides the community into zones, with established boundaries, and then can
 - The form of residential tenure (e.g., rental, ownership)

- Should identify only what is currently approved for development on that parcel
- Must be to updated to remain in alignment with the OCP



Key change: Updated OCP elements

Vision

Clinton is a close-knit, lively, rural community located in the traditional territory of the Secwepemc Nation that prioritizes community well-being through quality of life, socialization, affordability, and proximity to nature.

Showcasing its Cariboo Gold Rush heritage through its visual character, Clinton offers residents of all ages a wide range of services, amenities, and community events, while maintaining its small-town character.

Table of Content

Land Acknowledgement Introduction

- Purpose and scope
- Legislative and Regulatory Context
- Interpretation

Community Context

- History, local First Nations
- Demographics
- Employment and Economic Influences
- Housing needs assessment

Community Vision

- Vision
- Priorities and values
- Goals

Land Use Designations

- Land use designations and their policies • Land use context
- General development provisions • Land use plan

Key Policy Areas

areas

- Housing
- Economic Development
- Servicing Infrastructure
- Transportation and Mobility
- Social Well-Being
- Natural Environment
- Climate Change



- Policies not related to specific land use

Implementation

- Implementation Plan
- Governance

Development Permit Area Guidelines



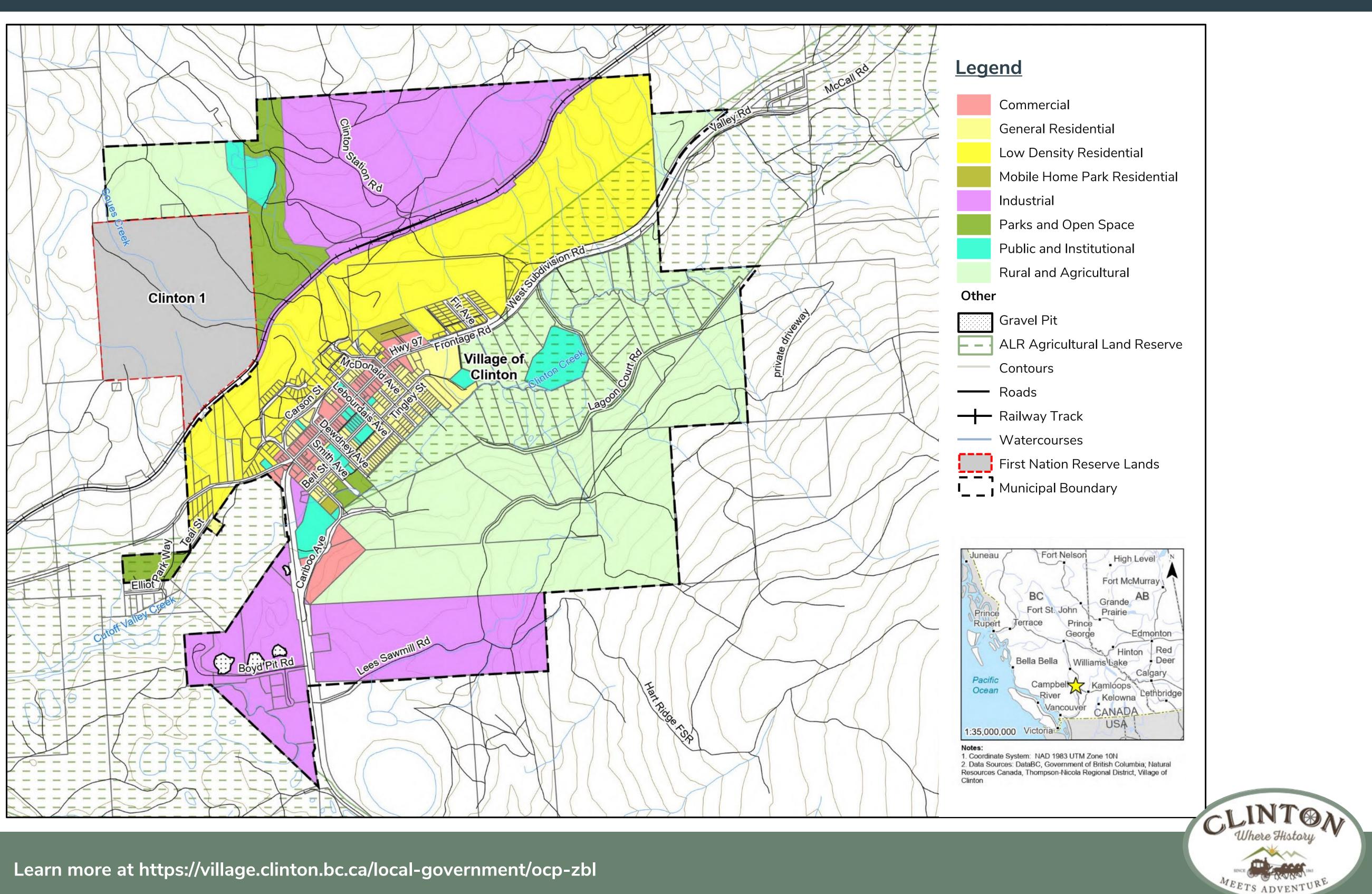
What we heard during Round 1 of engagement...

Small town character • Tight-knit community • Affordability • Proximity to nature • Visual heritage **Enhanced development** • Amenities and services Revitalization Housing options • Regulatory alignment **Community health and** well-being • Age-friendly • Access to health care • Youth and seniors Socialization



EXISTING OCP LAND USE MAP



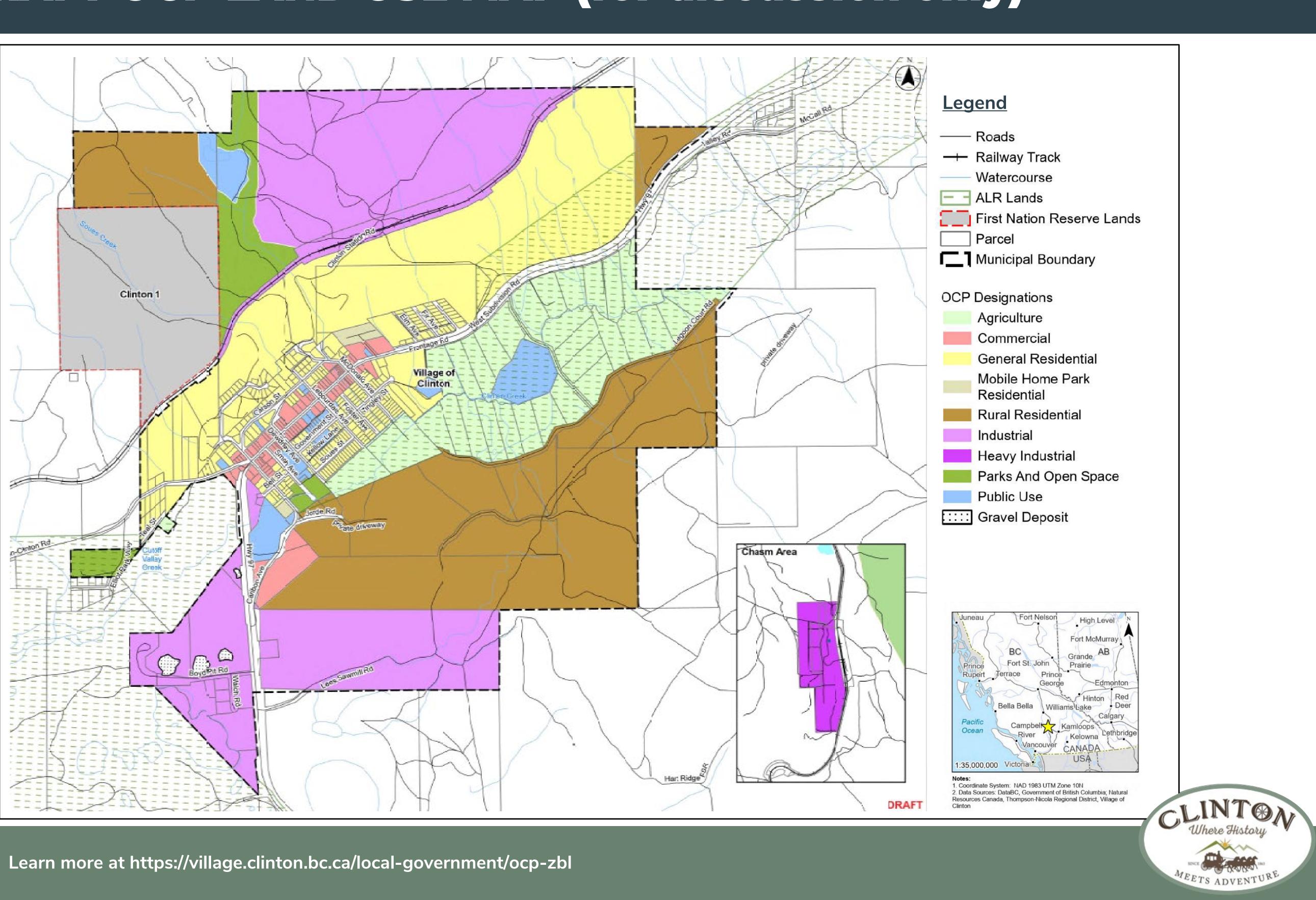






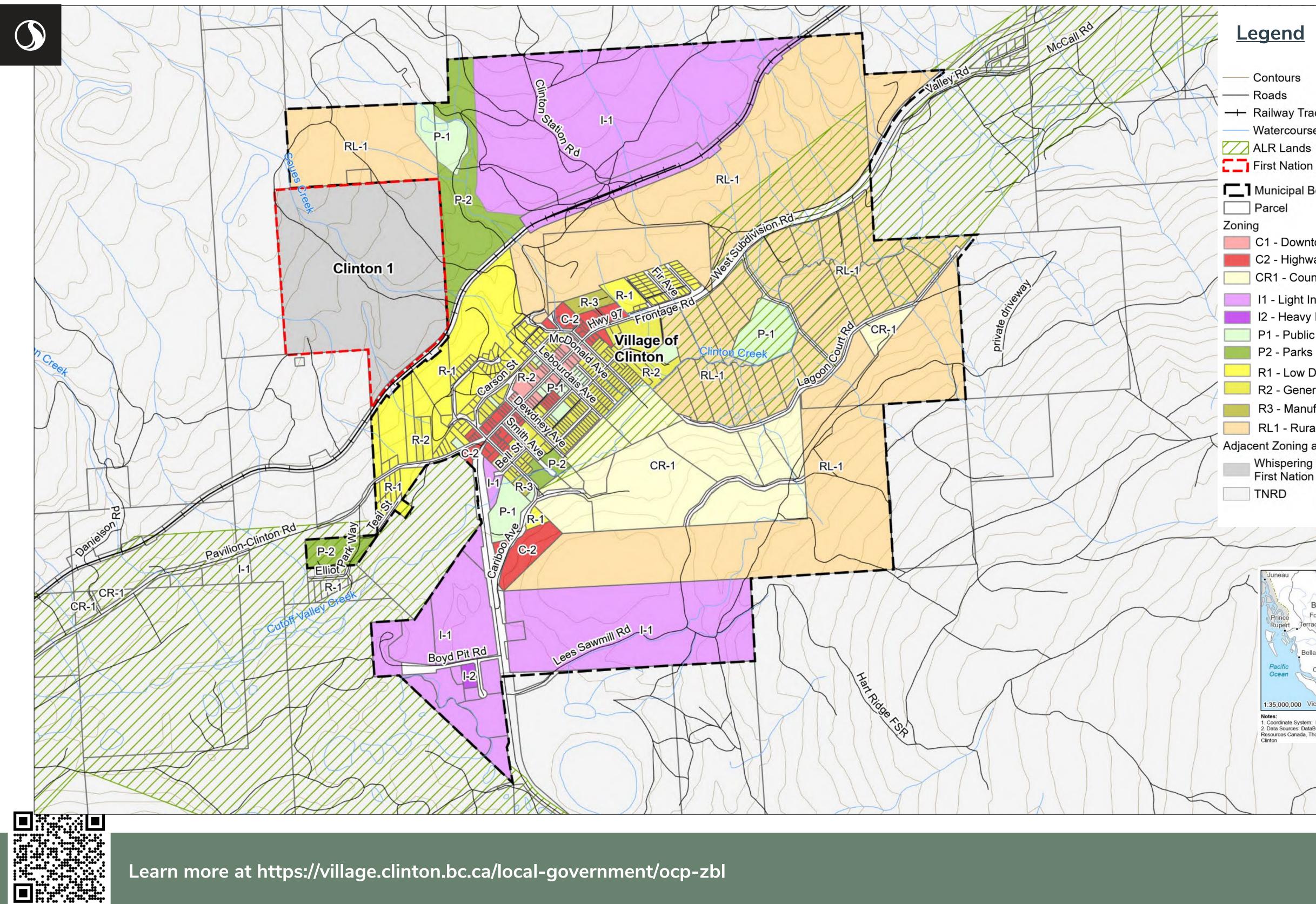
DRAFT OCP LAND USE MAP (for discussion only)







EXISTING ZBL MAP



- Contours ---- Railway Track Watercourse First Nation Reserve Lands Municipal Boundary C1 - Downtown Commercial C2 - Highway Service Commercial CR1 - Country Residential I1 - Light Industrial 12 - Heavy Industrial P1 - Public Use P2 - Parks and Recreation R1 - Low Density Residential R2 - General Residential R3 - Manufactured Home Residential RL1 - Rural Residential Adjacent Zoning and Authority Whispering Pines/Clinton First Nation Juneau Fort Nels High Level Fort McMurray AB BC Grande Fort St. John Prairie Princ errace Hinton Bella Bella Deer ns\Lake Pacific Campbelk Kamloops Ocean River Kelowna Vancouver CANADA USA 1:35,000,000 Victoria Notes: 1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 10N 2. Data Sources: DataBC, Government of British Columbia; Natural Resources Canada, Thompson-Nicola Regional District, Village of
 - TEETS ADVENTUR

Key change: New Agriculture Zone

Purpose

In accordance with the Agricultural Land Commission Act regulations, we are engaging with residents to discuss the introduction of a new Agricultural Zone, to capture all lands in the Agricultural Land Reserve (ALR), as part of the ZBL and OCP update.

Key changes

- \bullet
- Rezonings to Agriculture anticipated for properties located within the ALR. \bullet
- •

Priorities

Zoning and OCP Alignment with ALR: To better ensure zoning and policy work together with ALR regulations and promote long-term agriculture priorities.

Protecting Farmland: Reinforce intended uses of the ALR designated lands for farming and food production.

Providing Clearer Guidelines: Help landowners and residents understand what is permitted on ALR land.



New Agricultural Zone added to the Zoning Bylaw and new Agriculture Land Use Designation added to the Official Community Plan.

Adding edge planning and buffering regulations to promote compatible land uses along agriculture and urban areas.

Aligning Village processes with Agricultural Land Commission (ALC) requirements for development and subdivision near the ALR.

What types of activities are permitted in the ALR?

The Agriculture Land Reserve Use Regulations identify appropriate land use activities linked to and compatible with agriculture.

Examples of Farm Uses, and Permitted non-Farm Uses include:

• Residences (with conditions), common farming and ranching, equestrian facilities, wineries & cideries, seasonal agri-tourism activities, conservation & passive recreation lands, pet kennels and more.





Key change: Clarify the intent and focus of land use areas

Purpose

Clarify what the preferred, future use of lands are without unintentionally limiting their existing capabilities.

Key changes

- Illustrate the community vision by showcasing the prefer future use of land within the Official Community Plan's la designation map and text.
- Assign zoning for parcels based on their existing uses, a through the Zoning Bylaw.

Priorities

Preserve land for its highest and best use.

Direct uses to areas in where they can succeed and be supported through compatibility with surrounding uses, visibility, and access.

Support redevelopment that aligns with the vision by helping applicants more easily understand what the preferred use of different areas in the community are and aligning the OCP and ZBL in ways that allows more supportive rezone processes.



	 Add a purpose statement to each zone to clarity
rred,	 Separate potential uses in each zone into "Prin
·	"Secondary Use"
and use	Example:
s done	Commercial areas would have traditionally cor
	(retail/ restaurant/ hotel/ etc.) as Principal Uses
	uses such as residences or storage as Seconda

Allow flexibility for property owners to adapt to change by allowing a range of different land uses on their parcels.

Minimize non-conformance issues by rezoning properties to reflect their existing use, rather than their preferred use unless specifically intended to do so. For example, residential properties in commercial areas will be zoned as residential, to reflect their current use, and shown as commercial in the OCP to illustrate a preferred future use. If/ when an owner would like to redevelop the parcel for commercial use, they will be supported in doing that.



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Key change: Accessory dwelling units and secondary suites

Purpose

Introduce new dwelling unit options for new and existing residences.

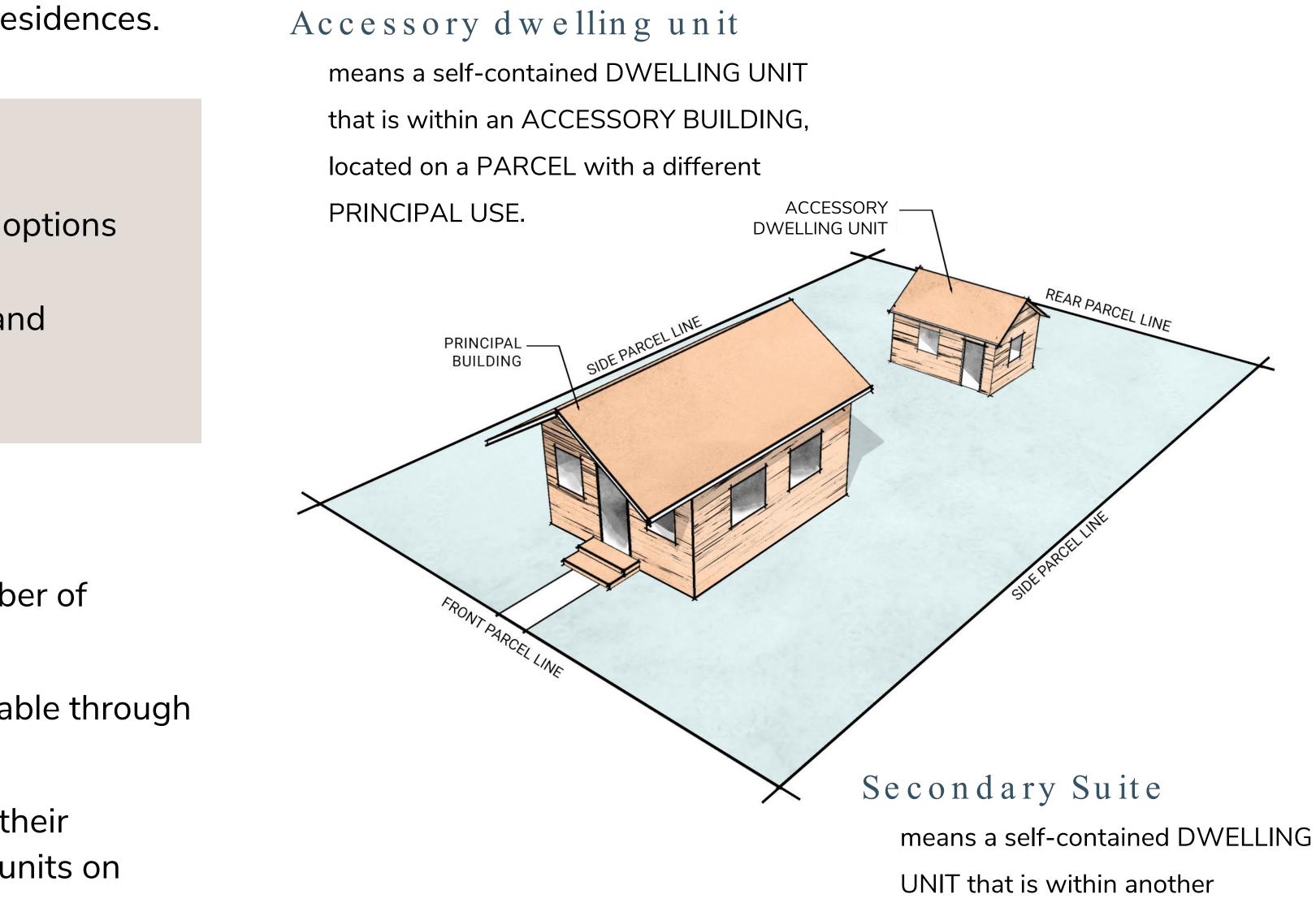
Key changes

- Allow secondary suites and accessory dwelling units as options for existing single detached residences.
- Will require lot size minimums, parking considerations, and servicing capacity.

Priorities

- Expand the overall housing stock by increasing the number of \bullet dwelling units in Clinton.
- Increase the number of affordable housing options available through introducing more smaller format units.
- Provide homeowners with opportunities to supplement their \bullet incomes and offset their housing costs by having rental units on their properties.









DWELLING UNIT.





• What are your thoughts on these other topics?

Reinforcing commercial character along highway

Keeping of animals (e.g., livestock)

Greater range of housing types

Paved parking lots

> Sea Cans on properties



Multi-uses (multiple principal uses on a property)

Smaller lot sizes for more housing diversity

Types of fencing permitted (e.g., deer fencing)

Prefabricated homes

> Office spaces in residential areas

Mobile vendors in all zones

Location of accessory structures on properties

Daycares in all zones





Which elements of the key change shared do you support



Learn more at https://village.clinton.bc.ca/local-government/ocp-zbl

rt and why?	Are there other key changes you'd like to see?



